SENTARA COMMUNITY PLAN (MEDICAID)

PHARMACY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION/STEP-EDIT REQUEST*

<u>Directions</u>: <u>The prescribing physician must sign and clearly print name (preprinted stamps not valid)</u> on this request. All other information may be filled in by office staff; <u>fax to 1-800-750-9692</u>. No additional phone calls will be necessary if all information (including phone and fax #s) on this form is correct. <u>If the information provided is not complete, correct, or legible, the authorization process can be delayed.</u>

Multiple Sclerosis Drugs

Drug Requested: (check box below that applies):

PREFERRED DRUGS						
	Avonex [®] Adm Pack	□ Copaxone® 20 mg syringe	□ dalfampridine ER (generic for Ampyra®)** (PA required)			
	dimethyl fumarate and starter pack (generic Tecfidera [™])	☐ fingolimod (generic Gilenya®)	□ Kesimpta® (Step Edit)			
	Teriflunomide (generic Aubagio®)					
Non-Preferred Drugs All Non-Preferred Medications Require Prior Authorization (member must have tried and failed at least two (2) of the preferred MS drugs)						
	Ampyra®** (PA required)	□ Aubagio®	□ Bafiertam [™]			
	Betaseron®	□ Briumvi [™] ** (PA required)	□ Copaxone® 40mg syringe			
	Extavia® Kit	□ Gilenya®	□ glatiramer 20mg syringe			
	Glatopa™	□ Mavenclad®	□ Mayzent®			
	Ocrevus®** (PA required)	□ Ocrevus Zunovo [™] ** (PA required)	□ Plegridy®			
	Ponvory TM	 □ Rebif[®] SQ □ Rebif Rebidose Pen[®] 	□ Tascenso ODT®			
-	Tecfidera [®] Tecfidera [®] Starter Pack	☐ Tysabri® **(PA required)	□ Vumerity®			
	Zeposia®					

^{** (}Please note: Ampyra®, Briumvi[™], Ocrevus®, Ocrevus Zunovo[™] and Tysabri® require a separate PA form) All agents require adherence to the documented package insert age and diagnosis.

Membe	er Nam	e:		
Member Sentara #:				
		me:		
		gnature:		
		t Name:		
		er:		
DRU	G INI	FORMATION: Authorization may be dela	ayed if incomplete.	
Drug N	Name/F	orm/Strength:		
Dosing Schedule:				
			ICD Code, if applicable:	
suppor	rt each l	CRITERIA: Check below all that apply. line checked, all documentation, including lab equest may be denied.	results, diagnostics, and/or chart notes, must be	
1.	Is mem	ber at least 18 years of age?		
	□ Yes			
		e member had a baseline magnetic resonance is (within 3 months prior to start of therapy)?	maging (MRI) before initiating the first treatment	
	□ Yes	s 🗅 No		
		e all that apply:		
		apsing-remitting Disease (RRMS) *		
		condary Progressive Disease (SPMS) ** with i	relapses	
		nically Isolated Syndrome (CIS) ***		
		mber has had ≥1 relapse within the previous t	-	
	and	mber has new and unequivocally enlarging 12 has had ≥ 1 relapse in the previous 12 month her:		

4.		ent failure or contraindication to othe medications (include drug name/dos	_		
	List previous medications (i	List previous medications (include drug name/dose):			
5.	Will Mavenclad [®] , Mayzent [®] , Ponvory [™] OR Zeposia [®] be used as a single-agent therapy? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
6.	for VZV four weeks prior to beginning therapy?				
	☐ Yes ☐ No				
7.	Has the member been screened for the presence of tuberculosis according to local guidelines? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
8.	(HBV/HCV prior to initiating treatment?)				
0	☐ Yes ☐ No	1 (2) (31 (31) : DDFD	EDDED 1		
9.	Patient has tried and failed at	least two (2) of the following PREF			
	□ Avonex®	☐ Copaxone® 20mg syringe	☐ Dimethyl fumarate (generic Tecfidera [™])		
	☐ fingolimod (generic Gilenya®)	☐ Kesimpta® (step edit)	□ teriflunomide (generic Aubagio®)		
10.	. Provide clinical evidence that pharmaceutical drugs attempt	the Preferred drug(s) will not provided and outcome.	ide adequate benefit and list		
1	 Step-Edit for Kesimpta[®]: Trial and failure of dime for approval If <u>YES</u>, provide drug name/ 	thyl fumarate (generic Tecfidera®) o	□ Yes □ No		

MEDICAL NECESSITY: Provide clinical evidence that the <u>Preferred injectable drug</u> will not provide adequate benefit.

Recommended Dosage for Mavenclad

- Oral: 3.5 mg/kg over 2-year treatment course, administered as 1.75 mg/kg in each year. Divide the
- 1.75 mg/kg dose over 2 cycles, each cycle lasting 4 to 5 consecutive days; do not administer more than 2 tablets (20mg) /day. Following the administration of 2 treatment courses, do not administer additional Mavenclad treatment during the next 2 years.

Administration of First Treatment Course

- First Course/First Cycle: start any time
- First Course/Second Cycle: administer 23 to 27 days after the last dose of First Course/First Cycle

Administration of Second Treatment Course

- Second Course/First Cycle: administer at least 43 weeks after the last dose of First Course/Second Cycle
- Second Course/Second Cycle: administer 23 to 27 days after the last dose of Second Course/First Cycle

Dose of MAVENCLAD per Cycle by Patient Weight in Each Treatment Course

Weight Range	Dose in mg (Number of 10 mg Tablets) per Cycle		
kg	First Cycle	Second Cycle	
40* to less than 50	40 mg (4 tablets)	40 mg (4 tablets)	
50 to less than 60	50 mg (5 tablets)	50 mg (5 tablets)	
60 to less than 70	60 mg (6 tablets)	60 mg (6 tablets)	
70 to less than 80	70 mg (7 tablets)	70 mg (7 tablets)	
80 to less than 90	80 mg (8 tablets)	70 mg (7 tablets)	
90 to less than 100	90 mg (9 tablets)	80 mg (8 tablets)	
100 to less than 110	100 mg (10 tablets)	90 mg (9 tablets)	
110 and above	100 mg (10 tablets)	100 mg (10 tablets)	

^{*}The use of MAVENCLAD in patients weighing less than 40 kg has not been investigated

a.	Is the lymphocyte count ≥ 800 cells/mL prior to start of therapy? □ Yes □ No
b.	Please attest that women of childbearing age are not pregnant and that members of reproductive potential must use effective contraception during treatment with therapy and for at least six months after the last dose. □ Yes □ No
c.	Does the member have human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection? ☐ Yes ☐ No
12. M	Iayzent® Specific
a.	Has the member been tested for CYP2C9 variant status to determine genotyping (required for dosing)? ☐ Yes ☐ No
13. M	Iayzent®, Ponvory™ OR Zeposia® Specific
	Please attest that women of childbearing age are not pregnant and that members of reproductive potential must use effective contraception during treatment. □ Yes □ No
b.	Has the member obtained a baseline electrocardiogram (ECG)? ☐ Yes ☐ No
c.	starting treatment?
14 D	☐ Yes ☐ No
	efore using Mayzent® , Ponvory™ OR Zeposia® , please attest that the member does NOT have any f the following:
•	Recent myocardial infarction
•	Unstable angina
•	Stroke
•	Transient Ischemic Attack
•	Decompensated heart failure with hospitalization Class III/IV heart failure within the provious 6 months
•	Class III/IV heart failure within the previous 6 months Prolonged QTc interval at baseline (>500 msec)
•	CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype (Mayzent® ONLY)
•	History of Mobitz Type II second or third-degree atrioventricular block or sick sinus syndrome (unless treated with a functioning pacemaker) Yes No

15. Can	you confirm that Mayzent® will NOT be used in combination with the following?
•	Moderate or strong CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., modafinil, efavirenz) in members with a CYP2C9*1/*3 and CYP2C9*2/*3 genotypes; OR
•	Drug regimens that contain CYP2C9/CY3A4 dual inhibitors (e.g., fluconazole); OR
•	Moderate CYP2C9 inhibitor plus a moderate-to-strong CYP3A4 inhibitor; OR
•	Other antineoplastic, immunosuppressive or immunomodulating drugs.
	□ Yes □ No
16. Can	you confirm Zeposia ® will NOT be used in combination with the following?
•	Will NOT be initiating therapy after previous treatment with alemtuzaumab; OR
•	Monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI) (e.g., selegiline, phenelzine, linezolid); OR
	Drugs known to prolong the QT-interval (e.g., fluoroquinolone or macrolide antibiotics, venlafaxine, fluoxetine, quetiapine, ziprasidone, sumatriptan, zolmitriptan); OR
	Strong cytochrome p450 2C8 (CYP2C8) inhibitors (e.g., gemfibrozil) or inducers (e.g., rifampin); OR
•	BCRP inhibitors (e.g., cyclosporine, eltrombopag); OR
	Adrenergic or serotonergic drugs which can increase norepinephrine or serotonin (e.g., opioids, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs), tricyclics, tyramine; OR
	Foods with large amounts of tyramine (e.g., >150mg), such as aged cheeses, cured meats, craft/unfiltered beers, beans); OR
	Other antineoplastic, immunosuppressive or immunomodulating drugs (Note : if there is a history of prior use of these drugs, consider possible unintended additive immunosuppressive effects) AND
	Patient will NOT receive live vaccines during and at least 4 weeks prior to and 12 weeks after treatment; AND
•	Patient does NOT have an active infection, including clinically important localized infections
	□ Yes □ No

Definitive diagnosis of MS with a relapsing-remitting course is based upon BOTH dissemination in time and space. Unless contraindicated, MRI should be obtained (even if criteria are met).

Dissemination in time (Development/appearance of new CNS lesions over time)	Dissemination in space (Development of lesions in distinct anatomical)			
 □ ≥ 2 clinical attacks; OR □ 1 clinical attack AND one of the following: MRI indicating simultaneous presence of gadolinium-enhancing and non-enhancing lesions at any time or by a new T2- hyperintense or gadolinium-enhancing lesion on follow-up MRIS compared to baseline scan CSF-specific oligoclonal bands 	 ⊇ 2 lesions; OR □ 1 lesion AND one of the following: Clear-cut historical evidence of a previous attack involving a lesion in a distinct anatomical location MRI indicating ≥ 1 T2-hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in ≥ 2 of 4 areas of the CNS (periventricular, juxtacortical, infratentorial, or spinal cord) 			

** Active secondary progressive MS (SPMS) is defined as the following:

- \square Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score ≥ 3.0 ; **AND**
- Disease is progressive ≥ 3 months following an initial relapsing-remitting course (i.e., EDSS score increase by 1.0 in members with EDSS ≤ 5.5 or increase by 0.5 in members with EDSS ≥ 6); **AND**
 - > 1 relapse within the previous 2 years; **OR**
 - Member has gadolinium-enhancing activity OR new or unequivocally enlarging T2 contrast- enhancing lesions as evidenced by MRI

***Definitive diagnosis of CIS is based upon <u>ALL</u> of the following:

- ☐ A monophasic clinical episode with member-reported symptoms and objective findings reflecting a focal or multifocal inflammatory demyelinating even in the CNS
- □ Neurologic symptom duration of at least 24 hours, with or without recovery
- ☐ Absence of fever or infection
- ☐ Member is not known to have multiple sclerosis

****Definitive diagnosis of MS with a primary progressive course is based upon the following:

- ☐ 1 year of disability progression independent of clinical relapse; AND
- □ **TWO** of the following:
 - \geq 1 T2-hyperintense lesion characteristic of MS in one or more of the following regions of the CNS: periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial
 - ≥ 2 T2-hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord
 - Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands

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**Use of samples to initiate therapy does not meet step edit/ preauthorization criteria. **

*Previous therapies will be verified through pharmacy paid claims or submitted chart notes. *