SENTARA HEALTH PLANS

PHARMACY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION/STEP-EDIT REQUEST*

<u>Directions</u>: <u>The prescribing physician must sign and clearly print name (preprinted stamps not valid) on this request</u>. All other information may be filled in by office staff; fax to <u>1-800-750-9692</u>. No additional phone calls will be necessary if all information (including phone and fax #s) on this form is correct. <u>If information provided is not complete, correct, or legible, authorization may be delayed.</u> <u>Use one form per member please</u>.

Drug Requested: Opioids

MEMBER & PRESCRIBER IN	NFORMATION: Authorization may be	delayed if incomplete.	
Member Name:			
Member Sentara #:	Date of I	Date of Birth:	
Prescriber Name:			
Prescriber Signature:		Date:	
Office Contact Name:			
Phone Number:	Fax Number:		
NPI #:			
THIS REQUEST IS FOR (CHECK A			
□ SHORT-ACTING OPIOID	□ LONG-ACTING OPIOID	□ ВОТН	
1. DRUG NAME/FORM:	STR	STRENGTH:	
TOTAL DAILY DOSE:	LENGTH OF THER	LENGTH OF THERAPY:	
DIRECTIONS:			
QUANTITY REQUESTED:			
2. DRUG NAME/FORM:	STRI	STRENGTH:	
TOTAL DAILY DOSE:	LENGTH OF THER	LENGTH OF THERAPY:	
DIRECTIONS:			
QUANTITY REQUESTED:			
• Will the member be discontinuing a medication?	previously prescribed opioid medication if a	pproved for requested Yes OR □ No	

(Continued on next page)

□ YES

□ NO

If yes, please list the medication that will be discontinued and the medication that will be initiated upon approval along with the corresponding effective date.				
Medication to be discontinued:	Effective date:			
Medication to be initiated:	Effective date:			
Prior Authorization is required for:				
Virginia BOM Regulations limit th pain to no more than 14 days.	d for > 7 days or two (2) 7-day supplies in a 60-day period. The etreatment of acute pain with opioids to 7 days and post-op exceeding 120 morphine milligram equivalents (MME) per lrug.			
require daily, around the-clock, chronic opharmacologic and non-opioid pain treatm	ndicated for patients with chronic, moderate to severe pain who pioid treatment and require a PA. Consider nonnents prior to treatment with opioids. Patients should be eatment with buprenorphine topical patch since these products atory depression than other opioids			
Prescribing Regulations, Opioids are NOT	s: Based on the Virginia Board of Medicine's Opioid recommended as first line treatment for acute or chronic pain os://www.dhp.virginia.gov/medicine/medicine laws regs.htm			
Antidepressants, Gabapentin, Pregabalin (Ly	t PA include: NSAIDS topical and oral, SNRIs, Tricyclic rica), Baclofen, Capsaicin topical cream 0.025% and Lidocaine 5% dule II opioid drugs due to their high potential for abuse and			
	E FOLLOWING QUESTIONS AND SIGN			
sickle cell disease, palliative care (trea illnesses) or hospice care? (IF YES, P	nas intractable pain associated with active cancer, tment of symptoms associated with life limiting LEASE SIGN AND SUBMIT, NO FURTHER as a non-preferred/non-formulary drug is d/non-formulary drugs.)			
Diagnosis:	ICD Diagnosis Code:			
with a tapering plan? (IF YES, PLEA	I prescriber is safely weaning patient off of opioids SE SIGN AND SUBMIT, NO FURTHER a non-preferred/non-formulary drug is			

(Continued on next page)

ICD Diagnosis Code: _

prescribed. See Q6 for non-preferred/non-formulary drugs.)

Q3. Is patient in a long-term care facility? (IF YES, PLEASE SIGN AND SUBMIT, NO

drug is prescribed. See Q6 for non-preferred/non-formulary drugs.)

FURTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED unless a non-preferred/non-formulary

Diagnosis:

Q4. Is this medication used to treat (check applicable box below): □ Acute Pain (less than 90 days) □ Post-operative Pain □ Chronic Pain (90 days or greater)		
□ NSAIDs (oral) □ Capsa □ Gabapentin/Lyrica® □ Lidoc	and failed any of the following drugs clic Antidepressant (e.g., nortriptyline) cicin Gel aine 5% Patch :	
Q6. REQUIRED: If requesting a non-preferred/non-f □ If the drug requested is Nucynta®, the following criter	ia	N/A products preferred
□ meperidine (/promethazine) □ m □ oxymorphone □ ox □ tramadol (/apap) □ pe □ hydrocodone/apap or ibu □ If the drug requested is brand Hysingla ER®, methade Zohydro® ER (or generic if applicable), the following Member has tried and failed at least two (2) of the fo □ fentanyl □ hy □ morphine sulfate ER □ ox	orphine sulfate sycodone (/apap or asa or ibu) entazocine/naloxone one, Nucynta® ER, Xtampza® ER, or g criteria must be met:	
☐ If the drug requested is Belbuca ®, the following criterian Member has tried and failed at least one (1) of the following buprenorphine patch (generic Butrans®)		
 □ If the requested drug is Non-Formulary (e.g., levorpha ER, Primlev™, Roxybond™, tramadol ER capsules) □ These medications are not covered under the pha Documentation of Medical Necessity must accommode Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form can be found on the Senting Necessity Request Form Can be	rmacy benefits of your plan. npany this request. The Medical	
☐ If the drug requested is fentanyl citrate buccal tablet ☐ Indication is breakthrough cancer pain	s, the following criteria must be met:	
AND ☐ Member has tried and failed fentanyl OT lozenge	e (generic Actiq®)	

Q7.	77. REQUIRED : Please provide the patient's Active Daily MME from the PMP:https://virginia.pmpaware.net/login		
	If patient's cumulative MME is or will be greater than or equal to 120, does the prescriber attest that he/she will be managing the patient's opioid therapy long term, has reviewed the Virginia BOM Regulations for Opioid Prescribing, has prescribed naloxone, and acknowledges the warnings associated with high dose opioid therapy including fatal overdose, and that therapy is medically necessary for this patient?	□ YES □ NO □ N/A, MME less than 120	
Q8.	REQUIRED: Please provide patient's last fill date of Opioid prescription from the PMP:	(Document Date)	
Q9.	REQUIRED: Please provide patient's last fill date of Benzodiazepine prescription from the PMP:	(Document Date)	
	If benzodiazepine filled in past 30 days, does the prescriber attest that he/she has counseled the patient on the FDA black box warning on the dangers of prescribing Opioids and Benzodiazepines including fatal overdose, has documented that the therapy is medically necessary, and has recorded a tapering plan to achieve the lowest possible effective doses of both opioids and benzodiazepines per the Board of Medicine Opioid Prescribing Regulations?	☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A, no benzodiazepine therapy	
Q10	.REQUIRED: Has naloxone been prescribed for patients with risk factors of prior overdose, substance use disorder, doses in excess of 120 MME/day , or concomitant benzodiazepine ?	□ YES □ NO □ N/A	
Q11	If patient is female between 18-45 years old, has the prescriber discussed risk of neonatal abstinence syndrome and provided counseling on contraceptive options?	□ YES □ NO □ N/A	
Q12.REQUIRED: For chronic pain, prescriber attests that a treatment plan with goals that address benefits and harm has been established with patient and there is a SIGNED AGREEMENT with the patient. (This will be reviewed with the patient within 1 to 4 weeks of starting opioid therapy for chronic pain, with dose escalation and is reviewed every 3 months or more frequently) If no, please explain:		☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N/A, acute or post-op pain	
Q13	. REQUIRED: For <u>chronic pain</u> , has the prescriber ordered and reviewed a urine drug screen (UDS) or serum medication level? (see requirements below)	□ YES □ NO	
	• If initiating treatment, prior to initiation	□ N/A,	
	• If maintaining treatment, at least every 3 months for the first year of treatment and at least every 6 months thereafter to ensure adherence	acute or post-op pain	

N	n	te	•
<u> </u>	v	·	•

- ☐ Authorizations for acute/post-op pain will be for a period of 30 days
- □ Authorizations for breakthrough pain associated with chronic pain will be for a <u>period of 6</u> months
- ☐ Authorizations for active cancer, cancer in remission, sickle cell disease, palliative care, hospice care or long-term care will be for a <u>period of 12 months</u>

Use of samples to initiate therapy does not meet step-edit/preauthorization criteria.

*Previous therapies will be verified through pharmacy paid claims or submitted chart notes. *

Non-opioid Treatment Options for Common Chronic Pain Conditions

Non-invasive Low back pain treatment recommendations: i

- Acute (with or without radiculopathy):
 - 1st Line (Non-pharmacologic): Keep in mind excellent natural history of disease. Acupuncture, massage, superficial heat shown to improve pain or function. Also consider Pilates, tai-chi, yoga, psychology referral.
 - o 2nd Line (pharmacologic): NSAIDs, skeletal muscle relaxer
- Chronic (with or without radiculopathy):
 - o 1st Line (Non-pharmacologic): Exercise, motor control exercises, tai-chi, yoga, psychology referral, multi-disciplinary rehabilitation, acupuncture, massage
 - o 2nd Line (pharmacologic): NSAIDs, duloxetine

Post-herpetic neuralgia: ii

- Topical (1st line for mild pain): 5% lidocaine patch, capsaicin cream or patch
- Systemic: gabapentin, pregabalin*, amitriptyline, nortriptyline

Diabetic neuropathy: iii

- 1st Line: pregabalin
- 2nd Line: gabapentin, venlafaxine (SNRI), duloxetine, amitriptyline (TCA), capsaicin 0.075% cream

Fibromyalgia: iv

- Non-pharmacologic: Patient education (pertaining to lack of disease progression, lack of tissue damage), cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT), and cardiovascular exercise
- Pharmacologic: amitriptyline and cyclobenzaprine (TCAs), duloxetine (SNRI), gabapentin, pregabalin* (gabapentinoids), fluoxetine, sertraline, paroxetine (SSRIs)
- No evidence for use of opiates in fibromyalgia

Migraines: v

- Acute Treatment
- Mild Moderate: acetaminophen, NSAIDs, caffeine, anti-emetics
- Severe: triptans, ergots, prochlorperazine, promethazine
- Preventative Treatment
- Propranolol, timolol, divalproex sodium, topiramate (Level A efficacy)
- Opiates can cause medication overuse headache

Osteoarthritis: vi

• Non-pharmacologic: Exercise, weight loss, water-based exercise, wedged insoles, walking aides, splints Pharmacologic: Topical capsaicin, topical NSAIDs (preferred age > 75), oral NSAIDs (non-selective or COX-2 selective), intraarticular corticosteroid injection, consider duloxetine

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