

Home Visual Field Monitoring Device, DME 62

Table of Content	Effective Date	07/2018
<u>Purpose</u> <u>Description & Definitions</u> <u>Criteria</u>	<u>Next Review Date</u>	06/2025
<u>Coding</u> <u>Document History</u>	Coverage Policy	DME 62
<u>References</u> <u>Special Notes</u> <u>Keywords</u>	<u>Version</u>	4

All requests for authorization for the services described by this medical policy will be reviewed per Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) guidelines. These services may be authorized under individual consideration for Medicaid members under the age of 21-years if the services are judged to be medically necessary to correct or ameliorate the member's condition. Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS), Supplement B - EPSDT (Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment) Manual.<u>*</u>.

Purpose:

This policy addresses Home Visual Field Monitoring Device.

Description & Definitions:

Home Visual Field Monitoring Device is an at-home monitoring device that uses images of the patient's eyes detect visual distortion in age-related macular degeneration.

Criteria:

Home Visual Field Monitoring Devices do not meet the definition of medical necessity.

Coding:	
Aedically nec	essary with criteria:
Coding	Description
	None
Considered N	ot Medically Necessary:
Coding	Description
0378T	Visual field assessment, with concurrent real time data analysis and accessible data storage with patient initiated data transmitted to a remote surveillance center for up to 30 days; review and interpretation with report by a physician or other qualified health care professional
0379T	Visual field assessment, with concurrent real time data analysis and accessible data storage with patient initiated data transmitted to a remote surveillance center for up to 30 days; technical support and patient instructions, surveillance, analysis, and transmission of daily

and emergent data reports as prescribed by a physician or other qualified health care professional.

Document History:

Revised Dates:

• 2022: June

Reviewed Dates:

- 2024: June no changes references updated
- 2023: June
- 2021: August
- 2020: September
- 2019: February, March

Effective Date:

• July 2018

References:

Including but not limited to: Specialty Association Guidelines; Government Regulations; Winifred S. Hayes, Inc; UpToDate; Literature Review; Specialty Advisors; National Coverage Determination (NCD); Local Coverage Determination (LCD).

(2023, Sep 21). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from MCG: https://careweb.careguidelines.com/ed27/index.html

(2024). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from Hayes - a symplr company: <u>https://evidence.hayesinc.com/search?q=%257B%2522text%2522:%2522Visual%2520field%2520assessment%2</u> 522,%2522title%2522:null,%2522termsource%2522:%2522searchbar%2522,%2522page%2522:%257B%2522p age%2522:0,%2522size%2522:50%257D,%2522type%2522:%2522all%2522,%25

(2024). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services: <u>https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search-</u> <u>results.aspx?keyword=Macular+degeneration&keywordType=starts&areaId=all&docType=NCA,CAL,NCD,MEDC</u> <u>AC,TA,MCD,6,3,5,1,F,P&contractOption=all</u>

(2024). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from Department of Medical Assistance Services - MES Public Portal: <u>https://vamedicaid.dmas.virginia.gov/manuals/provider-manuals-</u> <u>library#gsc.tab=0&gsc.q=Visual%20Field%20Monitoring&gsc.sort=</u>

(2024). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from American Academy of Ophthalmology: <u>https://www.aao.org/search/results?q=Foresee%20Home</u>

Foresee Home 510(K) Summary. (2009, Dec 23). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from U.S. Food and Drug Administration: <u>https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/cdrh_docs/pdf9/K091579.pdf</u>

LCD: Category III Codes (L35490). (2024, Mar 28). Retrieved May 29, 2024, from Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services: <u>https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-</u> <u>database/view/lcd.aspx?lcdid=35490&ver=75&keyword=Category%20III&keywordType=starts&areaId=all&docType=NCA,CAL,NCD,MEDCAC,TA,MCD,6,3,5,1,F,P&contractOption=all&sortBy=relevance&bc=1</u>

Vavvas, D. (2024, Feb 21). Age-related macular degeneration. Retrieved May 29, 2024, from UpToDate: <u>https://www.uptodate.com/contents/age-related-macular-</u>

<u>degeneration?search=macular%20degeneration&source=search_result&selectedTitle=1%7E80&usage_type=def</u> <u>ault&display_rank=1#H18</u>

Special Notes: *

This medical policy express Sentara Health Plan's determination of medically necessity of services, and they are based upon a review of currently available clinical information. These policies are used when no specific guidelines for coverage are provided by the Department of Medical Assistance Services of Virginia (DMAS). Medical Policies may be superseded by state Medicaid Plan guidelines. Medical policies are not a substitute for clinical judgment or for any prior authorization requirements of the health plan. These policies are not an explanation of benefits.

Medical policies can be highly technical and complex and are provided here for informational purposes. These medical policies are intended for use by health care professionals. The medical policies do not constitute medical advice or medical care. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment and medical advice. Sentara Health Plan members should discuss the information in the medical policies with their treating health care professionals. Medical technology is constantly evolving and these medical policies are subject to change without notice, although Sentara Health Plan will notify providers as required in advance of changes that could have a negative impact on benefits.

The Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) covers services, products, or procedures for children, if those items are determined to be medically necessary to "correct or ameliorate" (make better) a defect, physical or mental illness, or condition (health problem) identified through routine medical screening or examination, regardless of whether coverage for the same service or support is an optional or limited service under the state plan. Children enrolled in the FAMIS Program are not eligible for all EPSDT treatment services. All requests for authorization for the services described by this medical policy will be reviewed per EPSDT guidelines. These services may be authorized under individual consideration for Medicaid members under the age of 21-years if the services are judged to by medically necessary to correct or ameliorate the member's condition. *Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS), Supplement B - EPSDT (Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment) Manual.*

All medically necessary medical equipment and supplies under the Virginia Administrative Code (12VAC30-50-165) may be covered only if they are necessary to carry out a treatment prescribed by a practitioner. Only supplies, equipment, and appliances that are determined medically necessary may be covered for reimbursement by DMAS. (12VAC30-50-165) The following criteria must be satisfied through the submission of adequate and verifiable documentation satisfactory to DMAS, or its contractor. Medically necessary DME and supplies shall be:

• Ordered by the practitioner on the CMN/DMAS-352;

• A reasonable and medically necessary part of the individual's treatment plan;

• Consistent with the individual's diagnosis and medical condition, particularly the functional limitations and symptoms exhibited by the individual; • Not furnished for the safety or restraint of the individual, or solely for the convenience of the family, attending practitioner, or other practitioner or supplier;

• Consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards (i.e., not experimental or investigational);

• Furnished at a safe, effective, and cost-effective level; and

• Suitable for use, and consistent with 42 CFR 440.70(b)(3), that treats a diagnosed condition or assists the individual with functional limitations.

Keywords:

SHP Home Visual Field Monitoring Device, SHP Durable Medical Equipment 62, ForeSee Home, wet Age related macular degeneration, AMD, Electronic Home Visual Field Monitoring, preferential hyperacuity perimetry, remote Visual field assessment, ForeseeHome Monitoring Program