OPTIMA HEALTH PLAN

PHARMACY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION/STEP-EDIT REQUEST*

<u>Directions:</u> The prescribing physician must sign and clearly print name (preprinted stamps not valid) on this request. All other information may be filled in by office staff; <u>fax to 1-800-750-9692</u>. No additional phone calls will be necessary if all information (<u>including phone and fax #s</u>) on this form is correct. <u>If information provided is not complete, correct, or legible, authorization may be delayed.</u>

<u>Drug Requested</u> : (select drug below)					
□ D	araprim® (pyrimethamine)	<u> </u>	pyrimethamine		
DRUG INFORMATION: Authorization may be delayed if incomplete.					
Drug Form/Strength:					
Dosing	g Schedule:		Length of Therapy:		
Diagno	osis:		ICD Code, if applicable:		
Quan	tity Limits (for any indication):				
•	90 tablets monthly [3 (25mg) tablets daily]				
•	Children: 1 to 2mg/kg once daily				
Lengt	th of Authorization:				
•	Initial Treatment: 6 weeks				
•	Continuation of therapy: up to 6 months {unless	SS O	therwise indicated on form}		
CLINICAL CRITERIA: Check below all that apply. All criteria must be met for approval. To support each line checked, all documentation, including lab results, diagnostics, and/or chart notes, must be provided or request may be denied.					
	For approval of BRAND NAME Daraprim for intolerable life-endangering adverse event with ge descriptions of adverse event along with complete.	ener	ic pyrimethamine tablets (progress notes with		
□ T	oxoplasmosis - Primary Prophylaxis				
	Member must have a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS				
	Member must have a CD4 count < 100 cells/mm3	,			
	Member must test positive for Toxoplasmosis gor	ıdii	IgG antibodies		
	Documented intolerance to recommended first I sulfamethoxazole); and TMP-SMX desensitization intolerance to TMP-SMX, along with complete desensitization must be documented in progression.	on h	as been attempted (Description of specific ledWatch form must be submitted and trial of		

(Continued on next page)

	Oxoplasmosis - Treatment					
	Diagnosis made by an infectious disease specialist, neurologist, or HIV specialist					
	Member with a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS must have a CD4 count of < 100 cells/mm3					
	Clinical syndrome of headache, fever, and neurological symptoms (confusion, motor weakness) must be present					
	Submission of positive serum testing for Toxoplasmosis gondii IgG antibodies					
	Submission of clinical documentation identifying one or more mass lesions by CT or MRI					
	□ Toxoplasmosis - Chronic Maintenance Therapy					
	Member has completed at least six weeks of active treatment for AIDS-related toxoplasmosis (Pharmac Paid Claims will be reviewed)					
	CT scan or MRI documents improvement in ring-enhancing lesions prior to initiating maintenance therapy					
	Member has documented improvement in clinical symptoms					
	IF RESTARTING CHRONIC MAINTENANCE THERAPY: please submit clinical laboratory results documenting patient's CD4 count has decreased $< 200 \text{ cells/}\mu\text{L}$					
□ P	neumocystis Pneumonia (PCP) in HIV Infected Members – Primary Prophylaxis					
	Member must have a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS and medication is being prescribed for prophylaxis of pneumocystis pneumonia					
	Member must have a CD4 count of < 200 cells/mm3 or CD4 count percentage of <14%					
	Member has intolerance to <u>ALL</u> of the following drug regimens (progress notes with descriptions of specific intolerances to all medications along with completed MedWatch forms must be submitted)					
	□ Single-strength or double-strength trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (TMP-SMX) and TMP-SMX reintroduction/desensitization has been attempted OR member had a life-threatening adverse reaction to TMP-SMX (i.e. possible or definite Stevens-Johnson syndrome or toxic epidermal necrolysis). Please note that as many as 70% of patients can tolerate reinstitution of TMP-SMX therapy per guidelines					
	□ dapsone					
	□ atovaquone					
□ P	neumocystis Pneumonia (PCP) in HIV Infected Members – Secondary Prophylaxis					
	Member must have a diagnosis of HIV/AIDS and has received successful treatment for pneumocystis pneumonia infection					
	Member must have a CD4 count of < 200 cells/mm3 or CD4 count percentage of <14%					

	Member has intolerance to <u>ALL</u> of the following drug regimens (progress notes with descriptions of specific intolerances to all medications along with completed MedWatch forms must be submitted)
	□ Single-strength or double-strength trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (TMP-SMX) and TMP-SMX reintroduction/desensitization has been attempted OR member had a life-threatening adverse reaction to TMP-SMX (i.e. possible or definite Stevens-Johnson syndrome or toxic epidermal necrolysis). Please note that as many as 70% of patients can tolerate reinstitution of TMP-SMX therapy per guidelines
	□ dapsone
	□ atovaquone
□ F	For Opportunistic Infections in Children
	Secondary Prophylaxis or Treatment for Cystoisoporiasis
	Exposure to HIV OR diagnosis of HIV
	Documented intolerance/failure to TMP-SMX (trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) at the appropriate dosing
□ P	Primary or Secondary Prophylaxis of Pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia (PCP)
	Exposure to HIV OR diagnosis of HIV
	For children with an HIV diagnosis:
	☐ Infants aged <12 months regardless of CD4 count or percentage
	☐ Aged 1 to <6 years with CD4 counts <500 cells/mm³ or CD4 percentage <15%
	☐ Aged 6-12 years with CD4 counts <200 cells/mm³ or CD4 percentage <15%
	Documented intolerance/failure to TMP-SMX (trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) at the appropriate dosing
	Documented intolerance/failure to dapsone at the appropriate dosing
	Documented intolerance/failure to atovaquone at the appropriate dosing
	Documented intolerance/failure to aerosolized pentamidine at the appropriate dosing
□ 1	Treatment of Toxoplasmosis, Acquired or Congenital Infection
App	oroval Length – 12 months
	Therapy will be used in combination with sulfadiazine (or clindamycin if sulfonamide-intolerant) and leucovorin
□ P	Prophylaxis of Toxoplasmosis in Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation Recipients
App	<u>proval Length</u> – 12 months
	Therapy will be started after engraftment and administer as long as the patient remains on immunosuppressive therapy.
	Date of engraftment:
	☐ Immunosuppressive therapy:

	Therapy will be used in combination with clindamycin and leucovorin			
☐ Primary and Secondary Prophylaxis of Toxoplasmosis				
	Exposure to HIV OR diagnosis of HIVspecialist			
	Toxoplasma-seropositive aged <6 years with CD4 T lymphocyte (CD4) cell percentage <15%			
	Toxoplasma-seropositive aged ≥6 years with CD4 T lymphocyte (CD4) <100 cells/mm³			
	FOR primary prophylaxis : documented intolerance/failure to TMP-SMX (trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole) at the appropriate dosing			
	FOR secondary prophylaxis, therapy will be used in combination with sulfadiazine (or clindamycin if sulfonamide-intolerant) and leucovorin			
Medication being provided by Specialty Pharmacy - PropriumRx				
If a drug is non-formulary on a Plan, documentation of medical necessity will be required. **Use of samples to initiate therapy does not meet step edit/ preauthorization criteria. ** *Previous therapies will be verified through pharmacy paid claims or submitted chart notes. *				
Memb	er Name:			
Memb	er Optima #: Date of Birth:			
Prescri	ber Name:			
	ber Signature: Date:			
Office	Contact Name:			
Phone	Number:			
DEA	OR NPI #:			
*Approved by Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee: 9/15/2016 REVISED/UPDATED: 12/12/2016; 8/3/2017; (Reformatted) 9/6/2019; 6/24/2020.				