

# Fetal Magnetic Cardiac Signal, Medical 297

### **Table of Content**

<u>Purpose</u>

Description & Definitions

<u>Criteria</u> Coding

Document History

References Special Notes

Keywords

Effective Date 2/2019

Next Review Date 6/2025

<u>Coverage Policy</u> Medical 297

<u>Version</u> 4

All requests for authorization for the services described by this medical policy will be reviewed per Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) guidelines. These services may be authorized under individual consideration for Medicaid members under the age of 21-years if the services are judged to be medically necessary to correct or ameliorate the member's condition. Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS), Supplement B - EPSDT (Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment) Manual.\*.

### Purpose:

This policy addresses the medical necessity of Fetal Magnetic Cardiac Signal.

## Description & Definitions:

Fetal magnetocardiography (fMCG) is a noninvasive way to record electrical activity of the fetal heart using magnetic fields.

### Criteria:

Fetal magnetocardiography (fMCG) is considered **not medically necessary** for any indication.

## Coding:

Medically necessary with criteria:

Coding	Description
	None

Considered Not Medically Necessary:

Coding	Description
93799	Unlisted cardiovascular service or procedure

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) - approved only products only.

# Document History:

#### **Revised Dates:**

N/A

#### **Reviewed Dates:**

- 2024: June
- 2023: June
- 2022: June
- 2021: June
- 2020: July

#### Effective Date:

February 2019

### **References:**

Including but not limited to: Specialty Association Guidelines; Government Regulations; Winifred S. Hayes, Inc; UpToDate; Literature Review; Specialty Advisors; National Coverage Determination (NCD); Local Coverage Determination (LCD).

Code of Federal Regulations. National Archives. Retrieved 5.29.24. <a href="https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/search?conditions%5Bterm%5D=fetal+magnetocardiography">https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/search?conditions%5Bterm%5D=fetal+magnetocardiography</a>

U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Retrieved 5.29.2024. https://www.fda.gov/search?s=Fetal+Magnetic+Cardiac+Signal

Hayes. A symplr company. Retrieved 5.29.2024.

https://evidence.hayesinc.com/search?q=%257B%2522text%2522:%2522Fetal%2520Magnetic%2520Cardiac%2520Signal,%2522,%2522title%2522:null,%2522termsource%2522:%2522searchbar%2522,%2522page%2522:%257B%2522page%2522:0,%2522size%2522:50%257D,%2522type%2522:%2522all%2522,%2522sources%2522:%255B%2522\*%2522\*%2522\*%2522\*%255D,%2522sorts%2522:%255B%257B%2522field%2522:%255B%257D%255D,%2522filters%2522:%255B%255D%257D

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. CMS.gov. Retrieved 5.29.2024. https://www.cms.gov/search/cms?keys=Fetal+Magnetic+Cardiac+Signal

Commonwealth of Virginia. Department of Medical Assistance Services. Retrieved 5.29.2024. <a href="https://vamedicaid.dmas.virginia.gov/manuals/provider-manuals-library#gsc.tab=0&gsc.q=fetal%20magnetic%20cardiac%20signal&gsc.sort="https://www.sort=update/">https://wamedicaid.dmas.virginia.gov/manuals/provider-manuals-library#gsc.tab=0&gsc.q=fetal%20magnetic%20cardiac%20signal&gsc.sort=update/</a>

National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Retrieved 5.29.2024 <a href="https://www.nccn.org/search-result?indexCatalogue=nccn-search-index&searchQuery=fetal%20magnetic%20cardiac%20signal">https://www.nccn.org/search-result?indexCatalogue=nccn-search-index&searchQuery=fetal%20magnetic%20cardiac%20signal</a>

Carelon Medical Benefits Management clinical appropriateness guidelines and cancer treatment pathways. Retrieved 5.29.2024.

https://guidelines.carelonmedicalbenefitsmanagement.com/?s=fetal&et\_pb\_searchform\_submit=et\_search\_procc\_ess&et\_pb\_search\_cat=11%2C1%2C96&et\_pb\_include\_posts=yes\_

American Heart Association. Contribution of Fetal Magnetocardiography to Diagnosis, Risk Assessment, and Treatment of Fetal Arrhythmia. 7.29.22. Retrieved 5.29.2024. <a href="https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.121.025224">https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.121.025224</a>

National Library of Medicine. PubMed. Tan, C. M. J., & Lewandowski, A. J. (2020). The Transitional Heart: From Early Embryonic and Fetal Development to Neonatal Life. Fetal diagnosis and therapy, 47(5), 373–386. Retrieved 5.29.2024. https://doi.org/10.1159/000501906

MCG Informed Care Strategies. 27th Edition. Retrieved 5.29.2024. https://careweb.careguidelines.com/ed27/index.html

# Special Notes: \*

This medical policy express Sentara Health Plan's determination of medically necessity of services, and they are based upon a review of currently available clinical information. These policies are used when no specific guidelines for coverage are provided by the Department of Medical Assistance Services of Virginia (DMAS). Medical Policies may be superseded by state Medicaid Plan guidelines. Medical policies are not a substitute for clinical judgment or for any prior authorization requirements of the health plan. These policies are not an explanation of benefits.

Medical policies can be highly technical and complex and are provided here for informational purposes. These medical policies are intended for use by health care professionals. The medical policies do not constitute medical advice or medical care. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment and medical advice. Sentara Health Plan members should discuss the information in the medical policies with their treating health care professionals. Medical technology is constantly evolving and these medical policies are subject to change without notice, although Sentara Health Plan will notify providers as required in advance of changes that could have a negative impact on benefits.

The Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) covers services, products, or procedures for children, if those items are determined to be medically necessary to "correct or ameliorate" (make better) a defect, physical or mental illness, or condition (health problem) identified through routine medical screening or examination, regardless of whether coverage for the same service or support is an optional or limited service under the state plan. Children enrolled in the FAMIS Program are not eligible for all EPSDT treatment services. All requests for authorization for the services described by this medical policy will be reviewed per EPSDT guidelines. These services may be authorized under individual consideration for Medicaid members under the age of 21-years if the services are judged to by medically necessary to correct or ameliorate the member's condition. *Department of Medical Assistance Services* (DMAS), Supplement B - EPSDT (Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment) Manual.

## Keywords:

SHP Fetal Magnetic Cardiac Signal, SHP Imaging 57, Fetal magnetocardiography, fMCG, electrical activity, fetal heart, magnetic fields