

Brachytherapy

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Effective Date 2/2001

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<u>Coverage Policy</u> Medical 71

Version 6

Member-specific benefits take precedence over medical policy and benefits may vary across plans. Refer to the individual's benefit plan for details *.

Purpose:

This policy addresses the medical necessity of - Brachytherapy.

Description & Definitions:

Brachytherapy utilizes radioactive seeds which are surgically placed next to a tumor. These allow a physician to use higher total dose of radiation to treat a small area.

Criteria:

Brachytherapy may be indicated for **1 or more o**f the following:

- Breast cancer as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Localized disease characterized as low-risk, after treatment with lumpectomy, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Invasive ductal carcinoma with ALL of the following:
 - BRCA negative
 - Estrogen receptor positive
 - Negative surgical margin width of 2 mm or greater
 - No lymphovascular invasion
 - Individual age 50 years or older
 - Tumor size 2 cm or less (stage T1)
 - Low or intermediate grade ductal carcinoma in situ with ALL of the following:
 - Negative surgical margin width of 3 mm or greater
 - Tumor size 2.5 cm or less
 - Localized disease characterized as high-risk, after treatment with lumpectomy, as indicated by ALL of the following:
 - Administered in conjunction with whole breast radiation.
 - Individual at higher risk of recurrence as indicated by 1 or more of the following:

- Age younger than 50 years
- Focally positive surgical margins
- High-grade (poorly differentiated) disease
- Stage I, IIA, or IIB disease, or T3, N1, M0 disease
- Cervical cancer
- Cholangiocarcinoma, as indicated by ALL of the following:
 - As adjuvant treatment after surgery for individuals with 1 or more of the following:
 - R1 resection (positive margin)
 - R2 resection (gross residual disease after resection)
 - Carcinoma in situ found at the surgical specimen margin.
- Esophageal cancer, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - o To treat a gross residual tumor or unresectable luminal lesion
 - Palliative treatment needed for dysphagia.
- · Head and neck cancer
- Lung cancer, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Non-small cell lung cancer, and symptomatic recurrent disease as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Endobronchial obstruction
 - Symptomatic hemoptysis
 - After local treatment failure with external beam radiation therapy, and recurrent symptoms as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Atelectasis
 - Cough
 - Dyspnea
 - Hemoptysis
 - Post-obstructive pneumonia
- Ocular melanoma without evidence of distant metastasis (ie, confined to the globe)
- Penile cancer
- Prostate cancer, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Localized disease characterized as low-risk, as indicated by ALL of the following:
 - International Society of Urological Pathology (ISUP) Grade Group 1 (Gleason score of 6 or less)
 - Life expectancy 10 years or greater
 - Pretreatment PSA less than 10 ng/mL (mcg/L)
 - Stage T1 or T2a prostate cancer
 - No active inflammatory bowel disease
 - Localized disease characterized as intermediate-risk or high-risk, as indicated by ALL of the following:
 - Administered in conjunction with external beam radiation.
 - ISUP Grade Group 2 to 5 (Gleason score of 7 to 10)
 - Life expectancy greater than 5 years
 - Pretreatment PSA of 10 ng/mL (mcg/L) or greater
 - Stage T2b/T2c or T3a prostate cancer
 - Local recurrence after primary radiation therapy and ALL of the following:

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- Pretreatment PSA of 10 ng/mL (mcg/L) or less
- No prior pelvic lymph node dissection
- Rectal cancer, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Stage II or III disease that is medically operable, and ALL of the following:
 - Concurrent chemoradiation planned.
 - Individual refuses abdominoperineal resection
 - Tumor is less than 5 cm from the anal verge.
 - Stage II or III disease that is medically inoperable, and 1 or more of the following:
 - Administered with chemoradiation, as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - Tumor 10 cm or less from anal verge, and Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0 to 1
 - Tumor 10 cm or less from anal verge, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG)
 performance status 2 or higher, and local symptoms present
 - Tumor less than 5 cm, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 2 or higher, and local symptoms absent
 - Tumor 5 cm or less from anal verge, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG)
 performance status 0 to 1 and local symptoms absent
 - Tumor 10 cm or less from anal verge and local symptoms present
- Retinoblastoma, as indicated by **ALL** of the following:
 - After local treatment failure with 1 or more of the following:
 - Chemotherapy
 - Cryotherapy
 - External beam radiation therapy
 - Laser therapy
 - Clinical staging demonstrates no evidence of metastases.
- Soft tissue sarcoma
- Skin Cancer (Basal Cell and Squamous Cell), as indicated by 1 or more of the following:
 - o To treat a skin cancer which is not amenable to surgery or external beam radiation.
 - To treat a previously irradiation field
- Squamous cell cancer of the eye as indicated by ALL of the following:
 - Only other option available is removal of the eye.
- Uterine Neoplasms (Endometrial Cancer, Uterine sarcoma, Uterine Cancer)
- Vulvar/Vaginal cancer

Brachytherapy is considered **not medically necessary** for any use other than those indicated in clinical criteria, to include but not limited to:

- High dose electronic brachytherapy (e.g. Xoft Axxent)
- Non-invasive brachytherapy (e.g. AccuBoost)

Coding:

Medically necessary with criteria:

Coding	Description
19298	Placement of radiotherapy after loading brachytherapy catheters (multiple tube and button type) into the breast for interstitial radioelement application following (at the time of or subsequent to) partial mastectomy, includes imaging guidance.

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Placement of needles or catheters into muscle and/or soft tissue for subsequent interstitial radioelement application (at the time of or subsequent to the procedure).
Placement of needles, catheters, or other device(s) into the head and/or neck region (percutaneous, transoral, or transnasal) for subsequent interstitial radioelement application.
Transperineal placement of needles or catheters into prostate for interstitial radioelement application, with or without cystoscopy.
Placement of needles or catheters into pelvic organs and/or genitalia (except prostate) for subsequent interstitial radioelement application.
Insertion of a vaginal radiation afterloading apparatus for clinical brachytherapy.
Brachytherapy isodose plan; simple (calculation[s] made from 1 to 4 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, 1 channel), includes basic dosimetry calculation(s).
Brachytherapy isodose plan; intermediate (calculation[s] made from 5 to 10 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, 2-12 channels), includes basic dosimetry calculation(s).
Brachytherapy isodose plan; complex (calculation[s] made from over 10 sources, or remote afterloading brachytherapy, over 12 channels), includes basic dosimetry calculation(s).
Infusion or instillation of radioelement solution (includes 3-month follow-up care).
Intracavitary radiation source application; simple.
Intracavitary radiation source application; intermediate.
Intracavitary radiation source application; complex.
Remote afterloading high dose rate radionuclide skin surface brachytherapy, includes basic dosimetry, when performed; lesion diameter up to 2.0 cm or 1 channel.
Remote afterloading high dose rate radionuclide skin surface brachytherapy, includes basic dosimetry, when performed; lesion diameter over 2.0 cm and 2 or more channels, or multiple lesions.
Remote afterloading high dose rate radionuclide interstitial or intracavitary brachytherapy, includes basic dosimetry, when performed; 1 channel.
Remote afterloading high dose rate radionuclide interstitial or intracavitary brachytherapy, includes basic dosimetry, when performed; 2-12 channels.

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77772	Remote afterloading high dose rate radionuclide interstitial or intracavitary brachytherapy, includes basic dosimetry, when performed; over 12 channels.
77778	Interstitial radiation source application, complex, includes supervision, handling, loading of radiation source, when performed
77790	Supervision, handling, loading of radiation source
77799	Unlisted procedure, clinical brachytherapy (need to put for cardiovascular brachytherapy see mcg).

Considered Not Medically Necessary:

Coding	Description
0394T	High dose rate electronic brachytherapy, skin surface application, per fraction, includes basic dosimetry, when performed.
0395T	High dose rate electronic brachytherapy, interstitial or intracavitary treatment, per fraction, includes basic dosimetry, when performed.

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) - approved only products only.

Document History:

Revised Dates:

- 2021: March
- 2020: April
- 2019: December
- 2015: June, July, October
- 2014: June, December
- 2013: April, May, June
- 2012: January, June, July, September
- 2011: June, December
- 2010: March, July
- 2009: June
- 2008: January, June

Reviewed Dates:

- 2023: March
- 2022: March
- 2019: March
- 2018: November
- 2017: November
- 2016: March, July, August
- 2010: February, June
- 2005: October

Effective Date:

• February 2001

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Special Notes: *

Medical policies can be highly technical and complex and are provided here for informational purposes. These medical policies are intended for use by health care professionals. The medical policies do not constitute medical advice or medical care. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment, and medical advice. Sentara Health Plan members should discuss the information in the medical policies with their treating health care professionals. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and these medical policies are subject to change without notice, although Sentara Health Plan will notify providers as required in advance of changes that could have a negative impact on benefits.

Services mean both medical and behavioral health (mental health) services and supplies unless We specifically tell You otherwise. We do not cover any services that are not listed in the Covered Services section unless required to be covered under state or federal laws and regulations. We do not cover any services that are not Medically Necessary. We sometimes give examples of specific services that are not covered but that does not mean that other similar services are covered. Some services are covered only if We authorize them. When We say You or Your We mean You and any of Your family members covered under the Plan. Call Member Services if You have questions.

Keywords:

Brachytherapy, shp medical 71, radioactive seeds, Xoft Axxent, accuboost, Radioactive seed localization, RSL, breast cancer, lumpectomy, BRCA, ductal carcinoma in situ, Cervical cancer, Endometrial cancer, Esophageal cancer, Head and neck cancer, Lung cancer, penile cancer, prostate cancer, Ocular melanoma, rectal cancer, retinoblastoma, Respiratory and digestive tract cancers, Soft tissue sarcoma, Vaginal cancer, ebrt

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